CS 1313 010 Fall 2025 Homework #2 Quiz to be held in class Monday January 27 2025 9:00-9:15am <u>NOTE</u>: Except where and as explicitly permitted in writing (for example, in a Homework), you are <u>ABSOLUTELY FORBIDDEN</u> to <u>COPY</u> EVEN A SINGLE CHARACTER from, or to have ANY shared code with, ANY other entity, whether a human being (regardless of whether in CS1313 or not), a text resource, a computing resource or anything else, whether in person, on a local computer, online or anywhere else. It's INCREDIBLY EASY for us to detect such copying, so DON'T EVEN THINK ABOUT IT!

- 1. Is a calculator a computer? EXPLAIN.
- 2. WHAT are the three major categories of hardware that computers typically have?
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
- 3. <u>WHAT</u> are the two categories of storage that computers typically have?
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 4. WHAT are the two categories of I/O devices that computers typically have?
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 5. NAME AND DESCRIBE each of the three components of a Central Processing Unit.
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
- 6. In the word **MULTICORE**, what does "core" refer to?

- 7. NAME TWO DIFFERENCES between primary storage and secondary storage.
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 8. WHAT are the two categories of primary storage that computers typically have?
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 9. NAME TWO THINGS that every main memory location has.
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 10. NAME TWO DIFFERENCES between main memory and cache.
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 11. WHY do computers have cache storage?
- 12. When data and instructions reside in the following kinds of storage, <u>WHEN</u> are they expected to be used?
 - (a) Registers
 - (b) Cache
 - (c) Main memory
 - (d) Secondary storage

- 13. **<u>NAME TWO DIFFERENCES</u>** between magnetic media and solid state media.
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 14. **<u>NAME TWO DIFFERENCES</u>** between magnetic media and optical media.
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 15. <u>WHY</u> are floppy disks so expensive per MB, compared to CD-RWs and DVD-RWs?

16. <u>NAME TWO EXAMPLES</u> of solid state secondary storage media, and give an advantage and a disadvantage of each.

(a) Advantage:

Disadvantage:

(b) Advantage:

Disadvantage:

17. <u>NAME TWO EXAMPLES</u> of magnetic secondary storage media, and give an advantage and a disadvantage of each.

(a) Advantage:

Disadvantage:

(b) Advantage:

Disadvantage:

18. <u>NAME TWO EXAMPLES</u> of optical secondary storage media, and give an advantage and a disadvantage of each.

(a) Advantage:

Disadvantage:

(b) Advantage:

Disadvantage:

- 19. <u>WHAT</u> is the <u>SPEED</u> in MB/sec, the <u>MAXIMUM SIZE</u> in GB and the <u>PRICE</u> per MB of the following storage media on a current PC?
 - (a) cache
 - (b) RAM
 - (c) hard disk
 - (d) USB 3 flash drive
 - (e) CD-RW
 - (f) DVD-RW
 - (g) floppy disk
- 20. WHAT does the term I/O stand for?

21. WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE between an input device and an output device?

- 22. <u>NAME</u> three input devices (you are not limited to the ones listed in the lecture notes, but your choices must fit the definition).
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
- 23. <u>NAME</u> three output devices (you are not limited to the ones listed in the lecture notes, but your choices must fit the definition).
 - (a)
 - (b)
 - (c)
- 24. <u>NAME</u> a device that does **BOTH** input and output (you are not limited to the ones listed in the lecture notes, but your choice must fit the definition).

- 25. The word "bit" is a contraction of WHAT PHRASE?
- 26. HOW MANY different possible values can an individual bit have?
- 27. HOW MANY different possible values can a set of 3 bits have?
- 28. HOW MANY different possible values can a set of 6 bits have?
- 29. HOW MANY different possible values can a set of 8 bits have?
- 30. NAME TWO DIFFERENCES between a bit and a byte.
 - (a)
 - (b)
- 31. **EXPRESS** the approximate number of bytes in each of these to the nearest power of 10 (that is, as 10^x for the appropriate value of x):
 - (a) kilobyte
 - (b) megabyte
 - (c) gigabyte
 - (d) terabyte
 - (e) petabyte
 - (f) exabyte
 - (g) zettabyte
 - (h) yottabyte
- 32. 2^{10} is approximately 10 to what power?
- 33. 2^{20} is approximately 10 to what power?
- 34. 2^{30} is approximately 10 to what power?
- 35. 2^{40} is approximately 10 to what power?
- 36. 2^{50} is approximately 10 to what power?
- 37. 2^{60} is approximately 10 to what power?

- 38. What does Moore's Law tell us?
- 39. Based on Moore's Law, and using 2 years as the doubling period, approximately <u>HOW</u> **MUCH FASTER** will computers be in 2085 than they are today?
- 40. Based on Moore's Law, and using 2 years as the doubling period, approximately <u>HOW</u> MUCH FASTER will computers be in 2105 than they are today?
- 41. Unix Questions: Give the Unix commands to accomplish the following tasks.
 - (a) <u>CREATE A COPY</u> of an existing file named mellow.txt that is in your current working directory, so that the copy is named happy.txt and is also in your current working directory.
 - (b) **EDIT** an existing text file named edit_me.txt that is in your current working directory.
 - (c) <u>MAKE</u> an executable named do_this from a C source file named do_this.c that are both in your current working directory. (Assume that an appropriate makefile entry is already in your makefile.)
 - (d) **EXECUTE** (that is, run) a program named run_this that is in your current working directory.

If you use <u>ANY</u> resources other than Dr. Neeman, the TAs/graders (Basiri, Bilal), the course textbook or the materials posted on the course webpage, you <u>MUST</u> reference them on the quiz. <u>THIS</u> INCLUDES CLASSMATES, FRIENDS, PROFESSORS, ONLINE RESOURCES, ETC.